

SOUTH-WEST UNIVERSITY "NEOFIT RILSKI"

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# Department of Tourism ECTS Information Package

# **Tourism Major**

# **Master Programme: International Tourism**

## **Requirements for the professional qualities and competences of the graduates:**

The Master degree is intended to deliver general educational and specialized theoretical knowledge and practical skills, enabling the establishment of a private tourist business and/or performance of managerial functions. For this sake, the curriculum contains disciplines which form the basis of knowledge related with the organization and technology of international tourism, the financial instruments applicable to international tourism, the tourism alliances as the largest representatives of the tourist sector, and the international cooperation as a prerequisite for the sustainable development of tourism. Special attention is paid to special activities like e-commerce in tourism, management of catering undertakings, cultural and health tourism.

## **Requirements to the training of the specialist:**

The specialist who completes the Master educational and qualification degree with International Tourism professional qualification should possess concrete skills in the spheres of:

- Strategic management of international tourism destinations and tourist flows;

- Technology and the modeling of tourist travel;

- National characteristics and behavior of tourists;

- Operational management of the sub-sector tourism industries (cultural tourism, spa and wellness tourism, health tourism, etc.)

The master specialist has to:

- Be aware of technology identification, development and implementation of strategies in the tourism industry;

- Be able to plan, organize and carry out market research and quantitative analyses for the tourism industry;

- Manage different types of tourism businesses in specific sub-sectors of international tourism;

- Possess a high degree of autonomy in formulating and making managerial decisions in tourism.

All the above mentioned skills suggest a special focus on the application of theoretical knowledge in a simulated situation and in solving practical issues.

The training course in the Master program terminates with a Master's thesis, the theme of which is consistent with the individual interests of students, with a view to their future career.

After graduating their education in the Master degree with International Tourism professional qualification graduates can find their professional realization in national and local tourism authorities (administrations), in international tourism organizations and associations, travel agencies and tour operator companies and all other types of tourist business in the various sub-sectors of the tourism industry.

Those graduated in major Tourism may practice the following occupations and hold the respective positions according to the National Classification of Occupations, 2011:

- 1412/2003 Manager of self-service restaurant; - 1412/3004 Manager of confectionery / café; - 1412/3005 Manager of bar; - 1412/3006 Manager of restaurant; - 1412/3007 Manager of cafeteria; - 1412/3008 Manager of catering; - 1412/3009 Head at a restaurant department; -1412/3011 Owner of restaurant; - 1431/3015 Manager of recreation; - 1431/3017 Manager of casino; - 1431/3020 Manager of entertainment parks; - 1431/6021 Head at cultural activities departments; - 1431/6022 Head of recreation department; - 1431/6023 Head of sports activity department; - 1439/3001 Manager of public service of population facility; - 1439/3003 Manager of camping; - 1439/3004 Manager of tourist agency; - 1439/3005 Manager of services bureau; - 1439/3006 Manager of lodge; - 1411/3001 Head at hotel department; -1411/3002 Manager of hotel; - 1411/3003 Manager of motel; - 1412/3001 Head of public restaurant; - 1439/6007 Head of department at a tourist agency; - 1439/3008 Head of contact center; - 1439/3009 Head of conference center; - 4224/2001 Receptionist, hotel; - 4224/3002 Administrator, hotel; - 1120/7014 Deputy-head of enterprise; - 1120/7015 Deputy-head of cooperative enterprise; - 1120/7016 Deputy-head of management board, board of directors, commercial enterprise; - 1120/7017 Deputy-executive director; - 1120/7018 Chairman, management board /board of directors/ of commercial company; - 1120/7019 Chairman, supervisory board at a commercial company; - 1120/7020 Member, board of directors; -1120/7021 Members, management board; - 1120/7022 Procurator / commercial manager /; -1120/7023 Manger; - 1213/5046 Head of project.

The qualification characteristics of the Tourism major for the Master degree with professional qualification "International Tourism" is the basic document which determines the development of other documents such as curricula and course programmes. It is conformed to the Law for Higher Education of the Republic of Bulgaria, the state requirements for award of Master, Bachelor and Specialist degree in the Tourism major, as well as the regulations of the SWU of Neofit Rilski.

## CURRICULUM STRUCTURE PROFESSIONAL FIELD: 3.9 TOURISM MAJOR: TOURISM EDUCATIONAL AND QUALIFICATION DEGREE: MASTER MASTER PROGRAMME: INTERNATIONAL TOURISM PROFESSIONAL QUALIFICATION: MASTER IN INTERNATIONAL TOURISM FORM OF TRAINING: FULL-TIME AND PART-TIME

First year			
First semester	ECTS credits	Second semester	ECTS credits
1. Introduction to tourism	6.0	1. Tourist resources	6.0
2. Hotel and restaurant business	6.0	2. Innovations in tourism	6.0
3. Economics of tourism	6.0	3. Tour operators and travel agencies	6.0
4. Elective course	6.0	4. Elective course	6.0
5. Elective course	6.0	5. Elective course	6.0
Elective courses (students choose two courses)	-	Elective courses (students choose two courses)	
1 Tourism monogoment	6.0	1. Recreational tourism	6.0
<ol> <li>Tourism management</li> <li>Tourist markets</li> </ol>	6.0	2. Fundamentals of law	6.0
	6.0		6.0
3. Fundamentals of market economy	6.0	3. Management of human resources	6.0
4. Accounting	6.0	4. Financing and crediting in tourism	6.0
		5. Tourist infrastructure	6.0
		6. International tourist organizations	6.0
	Total 30		Total 30
Second year			
Third semester	ECTS credits	Fourth semester	ECTS
1. Organization of international tourism	5.0	1. Tourism alliances	credits
2. Technology of international tourism			4.0
	5.0	2. Financial instruments in international	
3. Elective course	5.0 5.0	2. Financial instruments in international tourism	4.0
<ol> <li>Elective course</li> <li>Tourist travel modelling in international tourism</li> </ol>			4.0
	5.0	tourism	4.0 3.0
4. Tourist travel modelling in international tourism	5.0 5.0	tourism 3. Elective course	4.0 3.0 4.0
<ol> <li>Tourist travel modelling in international tourism</li> <li>International tourist transport</li> </ol>	5.0 5.0 5.0	tourism 3. Elective course 4. Elective course	4.0 3.0 4.0
<ol> <li>Tourist travel modelling in international tourism</li> <li>International tourist transport</li> </ol>	5.0 5.0 5.0	tourism 3. Elective course 4. Elective course	4.0 3.0 4.0 4.0
<ul> <li>4. Tourist travel modelling in international tourism</li> <li>5. International tourist transport</li> <li>6. Elective course</li> </ul> Elective courses (students choose two courses)	5.0 5.0 5.0	tourism 3. Elective course 4. Elective course 5. State exam or Master thesis defense Elective courses (students choose two	4.0 3.0 4.0 4.0
<ul> <li>4. Tourist travel modelling in international tourism</li> <li>5. International tourist transport</li> <li>6. Elective course</li> </ul> Elective courses (students choose two courses) <ol> <li>1. Sustainable tourism development</li> </ol>	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	tourism 3. Elective course 4. Elective course 5. State exam or Master thesis defense Elective courses (students choose two courses) 1. E-commerce in tourism	4.0 3.0 4.0 4.0 15.0
<ul> <li>4. Tourist travel modelling in international tourism</li> <li>5. International tourist transport</li> <li>6. Elective course</li> </ul> Elective courses (students choose two courses) <ol> <li>1. Sustainable tourism development</li> <li>2. Trends in the development of the tourism</li> </ol>	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	tourism 3. Elective course 4. Elective course 5. State exam or Master thesis defense Elective courses (students choose two courses) 1. E-commerce in tourism 2. Social psychology in tourism	4.0 3.0 4.0 4.0 15.0 4.0
<ul> <li>4. Tourist travel modelling in international tourism</li> <li>5. International tourist transport</li> <li>6. Elective course</li> </ul> Elective courses (students choose two courses) <ol> <li>1. Sustainable tourism development</li> <li>2. Trends in the development of the tourism industry</li> </ol>	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	tourism 3. Elective course 4. Elective course 5. State exam or Master thesis defense Elective courses (students choose two courses) 1. E-commerce in tourism 2. Social psychology in tourism 3. Management of the entertainment	4.0 3.0 4.0 4.0 15.0 4.0
<ul> <li>4. Tourist travel modelling in international tourism</li> <li>5. International tourist transport</li> <li>6. Elective course</li> </ul> Elective courses (students choose two courses) <ol> <li>1. Sustainable tourism development</li> <li>2. Trends in the development of the tourism industry</li> <li>3. Organization of catering</li> </ol>	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	tourism 3. Elective course 4. Elective course 5. State exam or Master thesis defense Elective courses (students choose two courses) 1. E-commerce in tourism 2. Social psychology in tourism 3. Management of the entertainment industry	4.0 3.0 4.0 4.0 15.0 4.0 4.0 4.0
<ul> <li>4. Tourist travel modelling in international tourism</li> <li>5. International tourist transport</li> <li>6. Elective course</li> </ul> Elective courses (students choose two courses) <ol> <li>1. Sustainable tourism development</li> <li>2. Trends in the development of the tourism industry</li> <li>3. Organization of catering</li> <li>4. Cultural tourism management</li> </ol>	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	tourism 3. Elective course 4. Elective course 5. State exam or Master thesis defense Elective courses (students choose two courses) 1. E-commerce in tourism 2. Social psychology in tourism 3. Management of the entertainment	4.0 3.0 4.0 4.0 15.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0
<ul> <li>4. Tourist travel modelling in international tourism</li> <li>5. International tourist transport</li> <li>6. Elective course</li> </ul> Elective courses (students choose two courses) <ol> <li>1. Sustainable tourism development</li> <li>2. Trends in the development of the tourism industry</li> <li>3. Organization of catering</li> </ol>	5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0 5.0	tourism 3. Elective course 4. Elective course 5. State exam or Master thesis defense Elective courses (students choose two courses) 1. E-commerce in tourism 2. Social psychology in tourism 3. Management of the entertainment industry 4. Management of SPA and Wellness	4.0 3.0 4.0 4.0 15.0 4.0 4.0 4.0 4.0

## TOTAL FOR THE TWO ACADEMIC YEARS: 120 CREDITS

### DESCRIPTION OF ACADEMIC COURSES Major: Tourism Master programme: International tourism

## INTRODUCTION TO TOURISM

ECTS credits: 6 Form of assessment: ongoing assessment and exam Semester: 1 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics **Course hours per week**: 41 + 0s **Exam type**: written

## Annotation:

The course aims to provide students with knowledge on the scientific study and practical problems of tourism. It should be noted that the development of market economy, privatization and the emergence of many tourist companies, the need for knowledge of past, the present characteristics and trends in tourism, its structural elements, particularly the need for specific knowledge of tourism management and marketing becomes more evident. Expected results: to form a clear image and belief in students about the character and significance of the elected occupation, to establish skills for practical application of acquired knowledge.

#### **Course content:**

Appearance and development of the theory of tourism. Nature, definition and content of tourism. Historical development of tourism. Leading trends and factors determining the development of the contemporary tourism. Role and significance of tourism. Problems and conflicts in the development of contemporary tourism. Tourist consumption. Tourist place. Tourist supply and demand. Balance of tourist market. Tourist enterprise. Tourist product. Material base of tourism. Human resources in tourism. Tourist policy. Carriers of tourist policy. Tourism planning. Tourism in the conditions of various market structures.

#### Teaching and assessment:

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

### HOTEL AND RESTAURANT BUSINESS

ECTS credits: 6 Form of assessment: ongoing assessment and exam Semester: 1 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics Annotation: **Course hours per week**: 31 + 1s **Exam type**: written

The course establishes competence on the issues of planning, designing and realization of restaurant and hotel products. Work is done for learning the normative base for categorization and management of restaurant and entertainment spots as means for accommodation. Studied are the main aspects of eating out of home, creating a many, technologies of service in the restaurants and hotels as well as marketing and advertising related to those main tourist activities. Foreseen is development of a course paper as a presentation, oriented to up-do-date aspects and innovations in the field of eating in tourism.

## **Course content:**

Theoretical and methodological issues of restaurants and hotels. Basic concepts and definitions. Restaurant and hotel activity as main tourist activity, factors of development; Hotel and restaurant activity – characteristics, function, normative base. Categorization of tourist sites. Normative regulations. Restaurants: peculiarities, perspectives for development, innovations. Contemporary trends in restaurant eating. Cultural aspects when planning and organizing eating out of home. Hazard Analysis and Critical Control Point control system. Forms and technologies of service in restaurants. Technologies of service of institutional feeding: student, hospital. Culinary technologies and approaches when performing dietary eating. Hotels: essence, development, peculiarities. Design and realization of hotel product. Franchising. Hotel and restaurant chains. Market for hotel and restaurant product. Marketing, advertising, public relations.

#### Teaching and assessment:

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

### ECONOMICS OF TOURISM

ECTS credits: 6 Form of assessment: ongoing assessment and exam Semester: 1 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics

## Annotation:

The program forms the necessary theoretical knowledge for the economy of tourism, reviewed as part of tourism activities. The logic of modern economic development and experience in public practice bring to the front a few major topics. They are included in the curriculum of the discipline as ten separate topics. There set are many scientific knowledge about economic basis of tourism; economic environment for tourism's functioning; essence, types and forms of capital, fixed and current assets in tourism; peculiarities of prices and pricing in tourism; economic characteristics of labor and labor productivity in tourism; significance of expenses and revenue in tourism; sources of income and profit in tourism; taxation and profit distribution in tourism; essence and measurement of efficiency and profitability of activity in tourism. Purpose of the course which is set with this course is forming knowledge, special skills and habits for the practical activity in the field of economics of tourist company.

#### **Course content:**

Tourist company – general characteristics. The tourism company in the conditions of various market structures. Main "production" resources of tourist company. Corporate tourist product. Norming and payment of labor in a tourist company. Innovations and innovation policy of tourist company. Investments and investment policy of tourist company. Revenue, expenses and profit of tourist company. Economic efficiency from the activity at a tourist company. Quality management and certification in a tourist company.

## Teaching and assessment:

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

## TOURISM MANAGEMENT

ECTS credits: 6 Form of assessment: ongoing assessment and exam Semester: 1 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism

Faculty of Economics

## Annotation:

Emphasis is on theory, combined with its practical applicability and the difference between the experience of the world's leading companies and our management practice in the tourism sector. The course aims to teach students how to manage one of the fastest growing industries in our economy. This is a sectorial management discipline. The purpose of this knowledge is specified to a certain sector. Expected results: To establish skills for the practical application of management strategies, policies, methods and means.

## **Course content:**

Specificity of the tourism industry. Status and trends in its development. Link with other sectors of the economy, tourism company as a system Straight and reverse links. Management and control. Strategic management of tourism - national aspect. Industry structure and external economic relations. National strategic programs. Strategic management of the tourist company. Competitive strategy. Nature and characteristics of the tourism market. Characteristics of the tourist product. Diversification of tourism services. Methods for market penetration. Marketing research. Market segmentation. Advertising in tourism - nature, forms, efficiency. PR-types, functions, basic resources and efficiency. HR policy of the tourist company. Incentive programmes. Labour organisation. Forms of specialization and diversification of tourism products. Characteristics of

**Course hours per week**: 31 + 1s **Exam type**: written

**Course hours per week**: 31 + 1s

Exam type: written

managers in tourism. Role of basic and conceptual qualities. Styles of management. International profile of tourist partners, negotiation.

## Teaching and assessment:

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

## TOURIST MARKETS

ECTS credits: 6 Form of assessment: ongoing assessment and exam Semester: 1 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics

#### Annotation:

The goal is for students: (i) to acquire theoretical knowledge and practical information about the nature, structure and types of tourist markets; (ii) to know the characteristics of demand and supply of tourist markets; (iii) to analyze a tourist market in terms of volume of demand and supply; (iv) to reflect the main features of Bulgaria emitive and receptive tourism markets in Europe, Middle East, Northern America, Central Asia and the Far East; (v) to master essential managerial and marketing techniques for impact on tourist markets.

### **Course content:**

Nature of the tourist market. Structure and types. Market segmentation. Target market. Essence of the concept of marketing mix. Customer value of the goods or services. Types of needs. Chain of needs. Personal needs. Specific customer of touristic product. Information about the producer of the tourist product. Organized information about the supply and communication mix. Mechanism of management of a company's behavior on the market. Information essence. Commodity policy - essence and life cycle of the commodity. Diffusion. Formation of product policy. Advertising policy - types of advertising, relationship between advertising and sales, formation of advertising policy. Innovation policy - a study of global experience, generation of ideas for new product, the process of creating a new product. Classification and analysis of possible strategies for upgrading production. Marketing and scientific technical policy. Pricing policy - basic methods of price formation of the tourism product, psychological limits of valuable marketing acts. Additional criteria for determining the price. Formation of the pricing policy of tourism enterprises. Marketing policies - distribution channels, choosing the way of entering the foreign market. Personal sale. Service policy - nature, basic approaches for implementing the service, formation of service policy. Role of the State and the European institutions for regulating the tourist markets. National and European regulatory authorities. Competitiveness of the tourism company in market conditions. Good practices of NGOs working in the field of tourism. Predicting the development of a certain market. Innovation in tourism classification, evaluation and selection.

## Teaching and assessment:

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

#### FUNDAMENTALS OF MARKET ECONOMY

ECTS credits: 6 Form of assessment: ongoing assessment and exam Semester: 1 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics Annotation: **Course hours per week**: 31 + 1s **Exam type**: written

The course is aimed at revealing the basic economic laws, economic principles and causal relationships that occur in the functioning of the economic system. The latter is a complex socio-economic unit that contains relatively independent microeconomic units, firms and households. The aim of the course "Fundamentals of the market economy" is to equip students with in-depth knowledge of economic content and underlying mechanisms of the market economy.

**Course content:** 

**Course hours per week**: 31 + 1s **Exam type**: written

Object and field of fundamentals of the market economy. Methods and instrumentarium. Basic economic theory. Market mechanism. Essence. Demand. Supply. Equilibrium. Specific features of the market mechanism in the material and socio-cultural sphere. Features of the market mechanism in the field of tourism. Analysis of supply and demand. Elasticity of demand and supply. Methods of measurement. Utility. Consumption, Total and marginal utility. Specific curves related to the usefulness and effectiveness. Manufacturing, Production function. Combining the factors of production and the construction of optimal production function. Law of reduced returns. Marginal analysis, marginal production. Market structures. Perfect competition, monopolistic competition. Oligopolies. Monopoly market structure in tourism. Market based factors (resources) of production. Income. Demand and supply of resources. Specific features of the market for factors of production in tourism. State intervention in the economy. Necessity. Economic concepts. Critique of economism. Determining the state of the economy. Gross national product. Indicators and approaches. Participation of the tourism industry in the formation of BNP and its derivative indices. Business cycles, inflation, unemployment, business cycles. Phases of business cycles, graphic of D. Keynes. Inflation. Increase of the amount of money and inflation. Unemployment. Determination of employment. Exchange, money and banking. Barter exchange (commodity money). Monetary (monetary exchange). History of money. Functions of money. Kolichsstio money. Banks, Functions of banks. Surgery to control the money supply - Requirements for development. commodity rate, open market operations. Law on the BNB currency board - nature and characteristics. Tools to manage the economy. Monetary policy - types and basic fiscal policy - and basic types. Nature of the state budget and the term "budget deficit". Keynesian approach to compromise existence between unemployment and inflation, Automatic stabilization of financial policy. Alternative approaches to managing the economy. Demand management. Keynesian model. Supply management Keynesian revolution in economic policy. Main criticism of the model. World trade. Absolute Advantage, A. Smith. Comparative advantage to D. Ricardo. Theorem of Heisher and Ozhin, trade barriers. Fares, novelties, subsidies, etc. Economic integration. Globalization. International Finance, Balance of Payments. Operations on international trade, currency and exchange.

#### **Teaching and assessment:**

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

## ACCOUNTING

ECTS credits: 6 Form of assessment: ongoing assessment and exam Semester: 1 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics

Annotation:

The course in Accounting aims to provide students with detailed knowledge of the theoretical foundations and methodological approaches concerning the recording, processing and preparation of accounting information by businesses in the financial statements. In this regard, the main emphasis is on the need for greater knowledge and understanding of the internal logic structure and content of the various elements of the financial statements, the comprehensive introduction to the mechanisms of the effects of business transactions on the accounting elements that would allow for future economists, analysts and managers to use in their professional activities structured reporting information whose origin they will be able to scrutinize and evaluate independently for accuracy. Exhibit material, illustrative examples, case studies and practical assignments designed to reinforce the contributions made during the course knowledge by stimulating the need for further expansion of their own students and developed through actual implementation in practice.

#### **Course content:**

Introduction to accounting, Accounting principles and documentation, Assets, Sources (equity and liabilities). Economic operation. Income and expenses. Reflecting the effects of economic operation in the accounting balance sheet and profit and loss statement. Cash funds. Accounting account. Chart of accounts and inspection of the veracity of registries into accounts. Accounting article. Reporting of depreciable assets. Depreciation of depreciable assets. Reporting inventories. Reporting expenses and revenue and determining the financial result. Inventarization of property, receivables and payables. Forms of account reporting.

### **Teaching and assessment:**

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during

**Course hours per week**: 31 + 1s Exam type: written

the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

#### **TOURIST RESOURCES**

ECTS credits: 6 Form of assessment: ongoing assessment and exam Semester: 2 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics

#### Annotation:

The course aims to meet the great need for knowledge of recreation and tourism resources. Is aimed at training students to work actively in this area. They will obtain the necessary information on natural and anthropogenic tourist resources, evaluation methods and approaches for the rational and efficient use and conservation. Students get acquainted with the place and role of natural and recreational resources in the territorial system of recreation and tourism, the main types of natural resources and their classification, the basic principles and approaches, as well as methodological foundations of studying the natural and recreational resources are addressed, their role in modern geographical distribution of tourism, the main types of tourism related to anthropogenic tourist resources as well as those of Bulgaria.

#### **Course content:**

Classification of tourism resources. Natural tourism resources. Characteristics of natural tourism resources, tourist resources of the relief, climate, water, vegetation and fauna; Tourist resources of protected areas globally and in Bulgaria. Types of protected areas. Limiting factors for the recreational utilization of protected areas; Anthropogenic tourist resources. Characteristics of anthropogenic tourist resources; Historical and Archaeological Resources; Ethnographic and religious resources. Recreational facilities. Business, cultural and sporting resources. Protection of tourism resources. Tourist regions and areas.

## Teaching and assessment:

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

## **INNOVATIONS IN TOURISM**

ECTS credits: 6 Form of assessment: ongoing assessment and exam Semester: 2 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics

#### Annotation:

The course is designed for students of the Tourism major as specific information about the specifics of innovation in the tourism industry. The goal is for students: (i)to reflect the characteristics of innovation processes in tourism; (ii) to acquire basic knowledge and skills for organizing and managing innovation; (iii) know the methods for planning innovation and relevant organizational structures for their implementation, (iv) to apply existing techniques for generation and selection of innovative ideas, (v) be able to identify, assess and reduce risks that accompany innovation processes in tourism

#### **Course content:**

Features, typology and importance of innovation in tourism; Structure of innovation processes and life cycle of innovation in tourism; Innovative strategies of tourism companies; Corporate organization, control and audit of innovation; Generation and selection of innovative ideas; New technologies and their impact on innovation in tourism; Development of innovative projects and evaluation and selection of a portfolio of innovative projects; Innovative budgeting and major barriers to innovation in tourism; economic impact of innovation. Reengineering as innovation; Risk in innovation processes and innovative types of risks in tourism; Criteria, indicators and methods for assessing the innovation risk; Innovation risk management: planning, organizing and monitoring the activity of mitigation. National Policy and International Cooperation innovation. Trends and perspectives on innovative activities in tourism.

## Teaching and assessment:

**Course hours per week**: 41 + 0s **Exam type**: written

Exam type: written

**Course hours per week**: 41 + 0s

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

#### TOUR OPERATORS AND TRAVEL AGENCIES

ECTS credits: 6

Form of assessment: ongoing assessment and exam Semester: 2 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics

## Annotation:

The course is oriented towards research of the condition of tourism industry, the essence of tour operator product and travel destination, distribution of the product and transport activity. The topicality of the problematics are determined by the increasing significance of the activity of travel agencies on national and international tourist markets. The lectures follow the theory necessary for clarifying the specifics of the tour operator activity and its practical manifestation. Special attention is paid to the marketing techniques and operationalization. Researched are in their logical sequence certain stages in the development of the tourist destination and formation of the tourist package. The course is intended for tourism students to master the necessary knowledge for the organization of travel, participation in planning activities and management of tourist destinations and the legal regulation of activities of travel agencies in Bulgaria.

#### **Course content:**

Condition and development of the tourism industry. Condition and development of the international tourist market. Trends in Bulgarian tourism industry. Structure of the tour operator activity. Structure of the travel agency activity. Marketing and operationalization of the tour operator activity. Determining the parameters and characteristics of the tour operator activity market. Structure of the travel agency's product. Preparation of a brochure. Development of a tourist destination and forming tourist packages. Planning and development of tourist destination. "Assembly" of the tourist package. Preparation of the product mix. Realization and distribution of the tourist activity product. Distribution channels. Commercial structures in tourism. Options of supply and sale of tourist packages. Contacts with customers. Transport service. Road transportation. Water transportation. Air transportation. Service accompanying the organization and conduction of the tourist travel. Legal regulation of the tour operator and travel agency activity.

#### Teaching and assessment:

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

#### **RECREATIONAL TOURISM**

ECTS credits: 6 Form of assessment: ongoing assessment and exam Semester: 2 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics **Course hours per week**: 41 + 0s **Exam type**: written

**Course hours per week**: 41 + 0s

Exam type: written

## Annotation:

Students get acquainted with the place and role of natural and recreational resources in the territorial system of recreation and tourism, the main types of natural resources and their classification, the basic principles and approaches, as well as methodological foundations of studying the natural and recreational resources and conditions in Bulgaria. The nature, characteristics and classification of anthropogenic tourist resources are addressed, their role in modern geographical distribution of tourism, the main types of tourism related to anthropogenic tourist resources as well as those of Bulgaria. The course aims to meet the great need for knowledge of recreation and tourism resources. It is aimed at training students to work actively in this area. They will obtain the necessary information on natural and anthropogenic tourist resources, evaluation methods and approaches for the rational and efficient use and conservation.

**Course content:** 

Nature and significance of the recreation tourism. Bio-climatology. Physical foundations of the medical climatology. Weather and climate. Weather and climate-forming factors. Atmosphere processes. Sun radiation. Physicogeographical conditions. Physiological foundations of the medical climatology. Methods for examination and evaluation of climate and weather forecasts in resorts. General climatological characteristics of the country and physical zoning. Influence of the meteorological factors upon human organism. Sun radiation. Thermal active complex. Aerochemical active complex. Aeroelectical active complex. Impact of various climatic and geographic zones upon the physiological functions. Climate specific features of the Bulgarian mountains and their impact on the human organism. Non-typical climate zones in Bulgaria. Climate use for healing and preventive purposes. Preventive and healing treatments. Aerotherapies. Sun baths. Organization of an optimal sea prevention at seaside resorts and their organizational conditions. Some bioclimatic requirements related to the optimized sea prevention. Facilities of the curative tourism within resort complexes. Requirements toward contemporary balneo-climatic centers. Curative beaches. Climate facilities in mountain resorts. Prevention facilities in sport complexes. Sea balneology. Seawater chemistry. Hydro-chemical and physical features of the Black sea upon the balneological properties of the seawater; use of sea prevention and sea curation methods. Sea balneo-healing. Seawater bathing. Seawater thermal bathing. Seawater gas hot bathing. Algaetherapy. Inhalations with seawater. Seawater drinking. Lye-healing. Sand-healing. Mud healing. Physiological effects of healing mud. Healing mud applications. Balneology and balneo treatments. Development of balneology and balneo treatment. Hydrologic foundations of balneology. Nature and composition of mineral waters. Origin theories of mineral waters. Classifications of mineral waters. Balneo technics of mineral waters. Balneology and its nature. Methods for mineral water usage in Bulgaria. Healing opportunities of the Bulgarian mineral waters. Specialization of balneological resorts. Ecotourism. Nature of ecotourism. Prerequisites for development of ecotourism in Bulgaria. Protected areas. Other nature areas. Tourism impact management on nature, including recreation areas zoning, eco-friendly forms of tourism, eco-itineraries and etc. Nature and specific features of rural tourism in Western European member-states of the Economic Community. Demand evolution of rural tourist products. Models of tourist behavior, impact on the rural tourism development. Nature of the definition of rural tourism. Peculiarities of the organization and management of rural tourism. The role of various subjects related to the organization and management of rural tourism. The role of the municipal administrations for the organization and management of rural tourism. Mountain resorts in Bulgaria - current state, problems and concepts.

#### Teaching and assessment:

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

#### FUNDAMENTALS OF LAW

ECTS credits: 6 Form of assessment: ongoing assessment and exam Semester: 2 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics

### Annotation:

The course systemizes the education rules into national legislation in its interaction with the main sectors of the public and civil law. The aim of the course is for students to study the legal and regulatory framework of education as an element of management and governmental regulation of education.

#### **Course content:**

Fundamentals of law and general theory of law. Origin and nature of law. Systematization of positive law. Public and private law. General characteristics of the sources of law. Classification. Legal provisions - definition and types. Rules of law. Legal facts and relationships. Interpretation of law - concept and types. Application of law. Subjects of law. Natural and legal persons. Common characteristic concepts. Civil status of individuals. Capacity and capability. Legal features in the civil legal status of individuals. Legal persons - concept and types. Civil legal status of legal persons. Property relations in tourism. Interaction with state property law and the law of municipal property. Specific economic rules in the system of tourism. Employment in the tourism system concept and general characteristics. Employment contracts - concept and types, competitions and rules. Legal regime of work, rest periods, holidays in tourism. Wage and salary system. Labor discipline and disciplinary action. Ending employment in tourism. Classification.

## Teaching and assessment:

**Course hours per week**: 41 +0s **Exam type**: written

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

#### MANAGEMENT OF HUMAN RESOURCES

**Course hours per week**: 41 + 0s

Exam type: written

ECTS credits: 6

Form of assessment: ongoing assessment and exam Semester: 2 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics

## Annotation:

Students will become familiar with current theories, practical approaches and tools for human resources management. During the training they will receive sufficient information about the assumptions that underlie the theory of human capital and the mechanisms for the full utilization of human resources, for management of human resources with value. They will differentiate between specific methodology and technology for application to various systems, programs and tools. In the center of the attention are the four main management practices directed towards the staff turnover, performance, work and communication within the organization. Special attention is given on the issues related to motivation and mobility of human resources, recruitment and withholding talents. Students learn about the role of the management when developing and applying systems for human resources management as well as the essence of "Human Resources" department in the organization. The course is coordinated with the hours and allow to utilize managerial practices related to this exceptional resource for every system.

#### **Course content:**

Human capital theory and conceptual change in the system. Substantial differences between "human resources" and "personnel"; between "organization", "firm" and "company". Distinction of tourist organization and good practices for human resources management in tourism and maintaining exceptional quality of offered products and services. Structural and substantial characteristics of organization. Organizational behavior - competence, motivation and satisfaction of labor. Contemporary practice "Talent management". Specifics of teamwork. Comparison of the notions "group" and "team". Work in group and work in team. Organization, conduction, purposes and benefits of the teambuilding. Good teambuilding practices. Human resources management with value. Conditions for generation of value in a tourist organization. Necessity and role of the human resources expert in the organization. Main characteristics of those employed in tourism. Directions of movement of people in the tourist organization. Preconditions for personnel turnover. Personnel recruitment and finding talented employees. Building competence and talent. Training and developing personnel in tourism. Good practices for training and development of newly-employed employees in the organization. Identification of talented employees. Categories of employees according to the "Competence-Performance" matrix (Laura Stack, 2010). Keeping talented employees. Development of the execution theory. Methods for work assessment. Main steps for execution management (D. Ulrich, W. Brockbank). Work standards - essence and types. Necessity of using execution standards. Significance of the execution feedback. Basic means of obtaining feedback from employees within the organization. Creating an efficient structure of labor. Models for structuring the labor market. Factors influencing the choice of model for structuring the labor market. Creating effective working positions. Conditions of attractive office. Techniques for collecting information about dealing with the work of the relevant position within the organization. Techniques for redesigning work. Details of the job description. Approaches for stress management. Forms and stages of stress manifestation. The most common causes of stress in the workplace. Nature and effectiveness of the communication process. Communication models of Shannon and Weaver and D. Berlo. Principles of business communication - The 7 C's. Organizational hierarchy and communication flows in it. Informal communication channels within the organization. Communication strategy nature, specificity and relationship with the business strategy of the organization. Written and oral forms of communication in human resource management. Nature and specifics of the interview. Types of interview. Interview with job candidates. Interview for evaluation of the employee.

## Teaching and assessment:

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

#### FINANCING AND CREDITING IN TOURISM

#### ECTS credits: 6 Form of assessment: ongoing assessment and exam Semester: 2

#### Methodological guidance:

Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics

## Annotation:

The course aims to provide students with basic knowledge of the financing of tourism enterprises, and the financial problems of their tax policy, the management of equity and assets of the company and the efficiency of investment decisions. The content is selected in accordance with the prescribed number of hours and the specifics of the program. Within a reasonable compromise between theoretical and applied material, priority is given to the practical side of the topics. The rich text material, case studies and practical tasks are aimed at reinforcing knowledge received as part of the course, to develop them and seek their actual application in practice.

### **Course content:**

Money. Public (fiscal) finance. Consolidated state budget. Budget cycle. Taxes. Tax system and policy. Direct property and direct income taxes. Indirect taxes. Value added tax. Excise duties. Duties and customs policy. Non-tax revenue and tax-like revenue in the state budget. Social security. Budget deficit and its funding. Government spending. Capital of the enterprise. Financial performance of the company. Annual financial statements. Reproduction of the capital of the company. Investment. Static methods for assessing the effectiveness of an investment. Dynamic methods for assessing the effectiveness of investment. Risk in investment. Investing in financial assets. Liquidity of the company. A financial analysis

### Teaching and assessment:

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

## TOURIST INFRASTRUCTURE

ECTS credits: 6

Form of assessment: ongoing assessment and exam Semester: 2 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics

## Annotation:

The course in Tourist infrastructure gives students knowledge of the role and importance of the types of technical and tourist infrastructure, its territorial forms and features, as well as the development of tourism infrastructure as a factor in tourism development. The aim of the course is to provide students knowledge of construction, maintenance and use of technical and tourist infrastructure.

## **Course content:**

Technical and tourist infrastructure - nature, role in tourism. Classification of infrastructure. Types of infrastructure. Methodological tools for research and analysis of infrastructure. Integrated construction and operation of infrastructure. Management of infrastructure facilities. Infrastructure projects in the tourism sector. Efficiency of infrastructure facilities. Infrastructure projects under EU programs. Key transport corridors. Fundamentals of planning. Control over planning. Requirements and procedures to build elements of the technical infrastructure. Networks of the technical and social infrastructure. Drawings and plans - creation, approval and amendment. Organization of the investment process for the construction of infrastructure. Organization and management of the tourism infrastructure. Infrastructure and environmental policy. Management system environment. Risk management in the construction, maintenance and operation of territorial and tourist infrastructure.

## Teaching and assessment:

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

## INTERNATIONAL TOURIST ORGANIZATIONS

**Course hours per week**: 41 + 0s **Exam type**: written

## ECTS credits: 6 Form of assessment: ongoing assessment and exam Semester: 2

## Methodological guidance:

Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics

### Annotation:

**Course hours per week**: 41 + 0s **Exam type**: written

Purpose of students: (i) to acquire theoretical knowledge and practical information about the purposes, functions and structure of existing international tourist organizations; (ii) to know the advantages and obligations of subscribing to respective international touristic organizations and national tourist administrations, sectorial tourist organizations and separate tourist enterprises; (iii) to be able to identify policies held by various types of international tourist organizations; (iv) to know and be able to use basic types of information services and materials supplied by international tourist organizations.

### **Course content:**

Typology of international tourist organizations. World Tourism Organization. Techniques for contacting and negotiating during tourist exhibitions and tourist exchanges. World Travel & Tourism Council. World Travel Agencies Association. Nature and essence of the ethics of business relations and communications in the organization. Organizational structures and policy of European regional economic unions for promoting tourism. Ethics in the activity of the contemporary organization. Organizational structures and policy of the Pacific and Asian regional economic unions for promoting the development of tourism. Business communication in tourist organizations. International Association of Scientific Experts in Tourism. International Tourism Academy. Techniques for contacting and negotiating with representatives of organizations from the European countries. International Youth Travel Organizations Federation. International Bureau of Social Tourism - Brussels. Techniques for contacting and negotiating with representatives of organizations from the North and South America. Organizational structures and policy of the American regional economic unions for promoting tourism development. Techniques for contacting and negotiating with representatives of organizations from the Middle East. Organizational structures and policy of African regional economic unions for promoting tourism development. Techniques for contacting and negotiating with representatives of organizations from the North America countries. Organizational structures and policy of regional economic unions from the Middle East for promoting tourism development. Techniques for contacting and negotiating with representatives of organizations from countries of the South Africa. International legal sources in tourism – general resolution of the conference of UN in International Tourism and Trips, Tourism Development. Techniques for implementing contact and negotiating with representatives of organizations from countries of Central Asia. Declaration on world tourism 04.11.1994. Aviation code. International tourist exchanges in Europe. Techniques for contacting and negotiating with representatives of organizations from North-Eastern Asia countries. International hotel rules. Rules for providing hotel services. International tourist exchanges in Northern and Latin America. Techniques for contacting and negotiating with representatives of organizations from countries of the South-Eastern Asia. Tourist Chart. International tourist exchanges in Africa and the Middle East. Techniques for contacting and negotiating with representatives of organizations from countries in Oceania. Montreal declaration dated 12.09.1996. Manila declaration on the social impact of tourism dated 22.05.1997. International tourist exchanges in Asia and Australia. Tendencies in development of business communication in tourist organizations.

## Teaching and assessment:

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

## ORGANIZATION OF INTERNATIONAL TOURISM

ECTS credits: 5 Form of assessment: progress assessment and exam Semester: 3 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics

#### Annotation:

The lecture course has been developed as specialized information on the organization of international tourism, including market structures, legislative and regulatory system, regulatory bodies and organizations supporting the global tourist industry. The aim is for the students to: (i) acquire theoretical knowledge and practical

**Course hours per week**: 31 + 1s

Exam type: written

information on the nature and the interaction of the different elements of the international tourist industry; (ii) know the specifics of the international legal acts and the EU regulation concerning the development of international tourism in particular; (iii) know and be able to analyze the functions and tasks performed by the main regulatory bodies and organizations in the tourism sector in global and regional scale; (iv) be familiar with the particular organization of supply and demand in major and potential emitive and receptive tourism markets in Europe, Middle East, North America, Central Asia and the Far East.

## **Course content:**

Organizational and management structures and infrastructures in tourism. Organization on providing services to tourists of the private sector (hotels, restaurants, tour operator, etc.). Organization associated with the operation of border checkpoints (airports, ports, etc.). Organization associated with the work of enterprises and other industries to provide additional services in the field of tourism. Organization associated with visa issues and control of the quality of tourist services. The role of government structures in tourism development: Economic development promotion. The role of local government in tourism development: Economic development promotion. The role of professional organizations in the development of tourism (associations of travel agencies and tour operators, etc.). The role of international organizations in the development of tourism. International legal sources in tourism (Common resolution at the UN conference. Tourist Charter. Rules of providing hotel services, etc.). Organizational and management structures responsible for advertising of separate destinations. The role of the international tourism fairs for tourism development and cooperation between countries, trade organizations and entrepreneurs. Organization related to tourism infrastructure and superstructure as a basis for development of a certain destination. Strategic and planning documents to enhance the competitiveness of destinations. Possible risks in the implementation of strategies. Good practices related to the organization of international tourism.

#### **Teaching and assessment:**

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

## **TECHNOLOGY OF INTERNATIONAL TOURISM**

**ECTS credits:** 5 Form of assessment: progress assessment and exam Semester: 3 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics

#### Annotation:

The academic course provides students with knowledge and skills for achieving a higher quality and culture of service of foreign tourists. Course aims to launch a stepwise acquisition of theoretical professional knowledge and professional and practical skills for organization and technology of tourist services in general and in international activities in particular. The theoretical bases of integrated tourist services are reviewed, the necessity of implementation of integrated technologies for the production of such a tourist product that not only meet the growing travel needs, but also help to increase the competitiveness of tourism enterprises is revealed.

#### **Course content:**

Tourist Service. Nature, content, features. Fundamentals of technology in tourism. Content. Classifications of technologies in tourism. Technological process, technological scheme. Technology of international business. Technology of international transport services. Technology of information services. Technology of international intermediary activity. Types of international travel agencies. Technological process of international mediation. Technology of the international reservation activity.

#### **Teaching and assessment:**

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

## MODELLING TOURIST TRAVEL IN INTERNATIONAL TOURISM

ECTS credits: 5 Form of assessment: progress assessment and exam Semester: 3

**Course hours per week**: 31 + 1s Exam type: written

**Course hours per week**: 31 + 0s Exam type: written

### Methodological guidance:

Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics

Annotation: The course in Tourist travel modelling in international tourism is directed towards clarifying the theoretical basis and existing models of tourist travel in the international tourist market. For this purpose, it focuses on the specifics of the international tourism market, the tourist product, models of tourist behaviour and tourist resources. It aims primarily to introduce to students studying in the program of international tourism the peculiarities of international travel by auto, air, rail and waterway transport. Special attention is paid to organizational forms, principles and methods of management of international tourism (transport) companies, the nature, characteristics and sources of funding for international travel (transport) companies. Based on the basic definitions case studies for the analysis of tourist trips to the leading tourist destinations in the regions are presented to the students. The course is structured in a manner to allow the students to master the necessary knowledge on the international tourist market, tourist flows and travel to international destinations.

## **Course content:**

Dimensions of the tourist market: nature, structure, trends and perspectives. Types of tourism. Nature and classification. Tourism product in international tourism: Nature, specificity, forms, brands, life cycle. Resources and territorial characteristics in international tourism. Nature, forms and features of models of sustainable growth in international tourism. Corporate strategy, competition and competitiveness in global tourism. Organizational forms, principles and methods of management of international tourism (transport) companies. Nature, characteristics and sources of funding for international travel (transport) companies. Patterns of tourist consumption. Modeling of tourist travel. Travel by road. Travel with airline transportation. Travel by water. Travel by rail. Other alternative forms of organization and implementation of travel in international tourism. Legal framework. Protecting the rights and interests of consumers. Trends in tourist travel in international tourism.

### **Teaching and assessment:**

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

## INTERNATIONAL TOURIST TRANSPORT

ECTS credits: 5 Form of assessment: progress assessment and exam Semester: 3 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics Annotation:

The course covers the study of the characteristics, functions and importance of international tourist transport and its role in tourism development. Deals with the modes that are important for tourism - road, rail, air and water. In turn each of these species are divided into subtypes, each given their basic modern features. In-depth knowledge of the characteristics of different forms and subforms of tourist transport and charter services is especially important for future engineers, masters in tourism. This, together with knowledge of major global and regional tourism destinations, is directly related to planning and implementation of tourist travel. The knowledge and information in this particular field will not only lead to the formation of higher revenues in tourist organizations, but also significantly improve service quality in tourism and the effectiveness of tourism activity as a whole.

## **Course content:**

Role and importance of transport accessibility for the tourism development. Role and importance of transport for tourism development. Nature and characteristics of tourism transport - main types. Location, extent and characteristics of railway transport for travel - historical review and contemporary conditions. Main specialized tourist railroad itineraries. Location, extent and characteristics of road transport for travel. Location, extent and characteristics of water transport to travel. Location, extent and characteristics of air transport to travel. Advent and development of low-cost airlines. Role and importance of charter air travel services. Interconnections and influences between different types of tourist transport. Psychological characteristics and perceptions when traveling by different types of tourist transport. Key economic issues in the choice of travel by different modes. Major contemporary trends in the types tourist transport.

## **Teaching and assessment:**

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during

**Course hours per week**: 31 + 0s Exam type: written

the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

## SUSTAINABLE TOURISM DEVELOPMENT

ECTS credits: 5

Form of assessment: progress assessment and exam Semester: 3 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism **Course hours per week**: 31 + 0s **Exam type**: written

**Course hours per week**: 31 + 0s

Exam type: written

Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics

## Annotation:

It aims primarily to acquaint students with tourism the evolutionary process of forming the concept of sustainable development and its adaptation to the needs of the tourism industry. Special attention is paid to the global approach to issues of sustainability and its European dimension, according to Bulgaria's membership in the European Union. Based on the definition of sustainability as a process enhancing the actual increase of the prosperity in an environment of constantly pursuing development by increasing the intensity of students' attention present are four case studies demonstrating various management practices for sustainable tourism development.

### Course content:

Theoretic basis and concepts. Theory and principles of sustainable development. Sustainable production and supply. Sustainable consumption. Individualization of consumption in tourism. "Green" work places and enterprises. Construction and urbanization of environment. Sustainable tourism practices. Legal regulation of environment protection. Education practices for sustainable tourist development. Tourism in development – four practical case studies

## **Teaching and assessment:**

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

## TRENDS IN THE DEVELOPMENT OF THE TOURIST INDUSTRY

ECTS credits: 5 Form of assessment: progress assessment and exam Semester: 3 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics

## Annotation:

The aim is for the students to: (i) become familiar with the main trends in the tourist industry development from the perspective of tourist demand and supply and their price and non-price determinants; (ii) understand the scale and the influence of market structure, sustainable behavioral models and fashion upon tourism supply and demand; (iii) independently analyze current trends in tourism and be able to identify the emergence of new ones; (iv) analyze time series with indicators, on the basis of which major trends of development are identified.

#### **Course content:**

Emergence and development of the tourism industry, nature and significance of trends in the tourism industry. Main trends in the Bulgarian, European and global tourism industries with regard to demand at the beginning of the XXI-st century, Major trends in the Bulgarian, European and global tourist industry with regard to supply at the beginning of XXI-st century. Development of market structures in tourism. Price non-price determinants of demand, Price and non-price determinants of supply. Influence of persistent patterns of behavior and fashion. Approaches and methods for analysis of trends. Key indicators and time series. Development trends forecasting. **Teaching and assessment:** 

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

## ORGANIZATION OF CATERING

## ECTS credits: 5 Form of assessment: progress assessment and exam Semester: 3

**Course hours per week**: 31 + 0s Exam type: written

## Methodological guidance:

Department of Tourism

Faculty of Economics

## Annotation:

The organization and management of catering is an essential part of the contemporary organization out-of-home eating. It is related to the development of a new concept for the organization of nutrition at a population level, at the same time focusing on catering at business and private events. A detailed characteristics is provided of the contemporary principles of the food and beverage industry subordinate to creating celebrations and/or organization of eating of special groups of population defined in various features - healthy/sick, social status, professional characteristics. Special emphasis is laid on the practical aspects of starting, organization and management of the different types of catering business in order to train high-qualified specialists in this sphere. The course objective is the acquisition of basic knowledge of the nature, importance, types and the contemporary requirements to the catering business, focusing on the organization of catering events.

## **Course content:**

Catering - general concepts and definitions. Historical development. Catering, restaurants, institutional catering. Types of catering and corporate social, institutional, industrial, air, standard (protocol, conceptual). General principles of creation. Individual conditions and resources for starting a catering business. Organization of the catering business startup, legal device, Terms, conditions. Fitting. Equipment and instruments. Requirements for personnel. Airline catering: concept, organization. Planning menus-standard menu, vegetarian, kosher, diabetic menu, gluten-free and lactose-free menu. Industrial catering. Institution. Principles of the institutional food kindergartens, schools, hospitals - regulations. Create menu for menu ingredients depending on the type of events and specific client. Quality products, quality and safety of processed food. Sales of products and services. Marketing and advertising catering business. Planning the event. Process steps in the party service. Making offers in accordance with the specifics of the event. Banquet - international systems for service during the banquet. Technology service during a banket. Organization of the hall, arranging guests. Organization of services for different types of catering receptions ( 'A la blonde', 'A la furshet' cocktail, tea reception), aviation catering and catering at business events.

## **Teaching and assessment:**

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

## CULTURAL TOURISM MANAGEMENT

**ECTS credits**: 5 Form of assessment: progress assessment and exam Semester: 3 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism

Faculty of Economics

## Annotation:

The subject of the course is cultural tourism. The emphasis is laid upon the specific features, which determine the way it is managed. A high level of theoretic and practical knowledge is pursued, which should enable students to participate in debates or practical programmes, focused on tourism and its links to different expressions of culture. The objective is to inform students on the main components of cultural tourism management and develop managerial skills at macro, regional and micro level.

## **Course content:**

Definition of cultural tourism, forms of cultural tourism. Sustainable cultural tourism. Tourism and culture friends or foes? Cultural tourism management. Tangible heritage. Intangible heritage. Commodification and authenticity. Typology of cultural tourists. Marketing in cultural tourism. Quality in cultural tourism. Competitiveness in cultural tourism. Planning in cultural tourism. Project management in cultural tourism. Trends in cultural tourism development.

## **Teaching and assessment:**

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during

**Course hours per week**: 31 + 0s Exam type: written

the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

## INTERNATIONAL COOPERATION IN TOURISM

#### ECTS credits: 5

Form of assessment: progress assessment and exam Semester: 3 Methodological guidance:

Department of Tourism

Faculty of Economics

Annotation: The course of lectures is prepared as a specialized information about international cooperation in tourism. The aim is for the students to: (i) acquire theoretical knowledge on the main spheres of cooperation in international tourism on a bilateral and multilateral basis; (ii) know the specific needs from technical assistance of member-states of the World Tourism Organization; (iii) be familiar with the efforts of the WTO and the other international organizations for building a stronger and more effective tourist sector in a world scale (iv) understand the characteristics of the main practices in international cooperation aimed at eradicating the root causes of poverty in tourist destinations to promote sustainable patterns of functioning tourist industry to preserve, conserve and expand cultural and natural heritage, to involve local communities in the processes of development and to promote public-private partnerships. The course is oriented towards training students who wish to work in international tourism and in particular in companies engaged in hospitality, restaurant, tour operator, consulting and marketing activities.

#### **Course content:**

Identification and assessment of potential areas for tourism in the context of bilateral and multilateral cooperation. Building a coherent framework for long-term development of international tourism. The development of tourism-based communities. Eradicating poverty through tourism. Development of rural and ecotourism. Development of human resources for the needs of tourism. Formulation and implementation of appropriate marketing and promotional strategies based on bilateral and multilateral cooperation. Correction and harmonization of the existing national regulatory legislation in line with international standards and practices. Encouraging and promoting public-private partnership. Missions to support the tourism sector of the World Tourism Organization, United Nations - at the regional level. Technical cooperation projects of the World Tourism Organization, the United Nations. STEP projects of the World Tourism Organization at the United National capacity building of national tourism administrations. Cooperation on protection of consumer rights

#### **Teaching and assessment:**

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

#### TOURIST ALLIANCES

ECTS credits: 4 Form of assessment: progress assessment and exam Semester: 4 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics

## Annotation:

The course reviews the tourist behavior from theoretical as well as from practical point of view. Affected are various issues having direct relation to management of the tourist destination of company such as segmentation and motivation of tourists, stages in the process of adopting decisions for purchase, assessment of the level of customer satisfaction, inter-cultural differences in tourist behavior.

#### **Course content:**

Introduction to the theory of customer behavior. Tourist typologies. Determinants of tourist behavior. Tourist experience. Empirical sociological researches of tourist behavior. Tourist behavior and marketing. Choosing a destination. Tourism motivation. Tourist satisfaction. Image of destination. Tourist behavior upon alternative forms of tourism. Cultural differences in tourist behavior. The birth of a global tourist. Tendencies in tourist demand.

**Course hours per week**: 41 + 0s **Exam type**: written

**Course hours per week**: 31 + 0s

Exam type: written

#### **Teaching and assessment:**

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

#### FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS IN INTERNATIONAL TOURISM

ECTS credits: 3 Form of assessment: progress assessment and exam Semester: 4 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics

### Annotation:

The course lectures are prepared as specialized information on trends in the global tourism industry. The goal is for students: (i) to acquire basic theoretical knowledge of basic financial instruments and their specific attributes - risk, profitability, liquidity; (ii) to know the characteristics of financial markets and the main forms of financial intermediation; (iii) to know and can apply the strategies for forming and managing the optimal portfolio; (iv) to know the peculiarities of the general regulations of the EU financial instruments and financial markets. The material is selected in accordance with the prescribed workload and specifics of the program and within a reasonable compromise between the theoretical and empirical material, while priority is given to the relationship between economic theory and actual market behavior of investors, issuers and other market agents.

#### **Course content:**

Finance and financial systems: an introduction. Financial instruments. Key attributes of financial instruments. Financial markets and financial intermediation. Theory of capital asset pricing. Formation and control of optimal portfolios. Hedging, speculation and arbitrage. Derivatives, financial strategies using options and combinations of options. Information efficiency in financial markets / types and econometric tests /. Financial markets and general equilibrium. Currency markets and financial instruments. Money and credit and fiscal policies and their impact on financial markets. Theory of optimum currency areas, a single EU financial market, the euro area. Financial supervision and self-regulation. Main EU regulations on financial instruments and capital markets

## **Teaching and assessment:**

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

#### **E-COMMERCE IN TOURISM**

**ECTS credits:** 4 Form of assessment: progress assessment and exam Semester: 4 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics

#### Annotation:

The course lectures are prepared as specialized practical information about the organization and implementation of commercial transactions, based on modern communication systems, primarily on the Internet. It aims to familiarize students with basic concepts of causal relations, technologies, systems and approaches for commercial transactions, based on modern telecommunications and more known in public and professional circles with the summary term "electronic commerce". The aim of the course is: (i) to acquire theoretical knowledge and practical information about the nature and conduct of electronic commerce; (ii) to know the characteristics of the approaches and logistics, enabling the foundation of one kind or another business in tourism on electronic media and active use of modern telecommunications technology; (iii) to know and be able to analyze the functions and tasks associated with electronic commerce and performed by main contractors in tourism nationally and globally; (iv) to reflect the particular organization, building and operation of systems for conducting electronic commerce in the main tourism markets in Europe and worldwide. The course is oriented towards training students who wish to work in international tourism and in particular in companies engaged in hospitality, catering, consulting and marketing. **Course content:** 

**Course hours per week**: 31 + 1s Exam type: written

**Course hours per week**: 31 + 0s

Exam type: written

Tourism as a specific type of service trade - kinds and types of tradable goods in tourism. The role of modern telecommunications in the realization of commercial transactions. Internet as a basis for so "E-commerce" advantages and disadvantages. Clarifying the concepts in E-commerce - hardware and software. Specifics and nature of the use of software providing e-commerce. Main types of information systems and specifics of their use in business. Similarities and differences in electronic systems for the general operation of the tourist company. E-commerce in the structure of tourism business activities - building and areas of application - sales of tourism products, marketing and advertising logistics. Analysis of the ratio "cost-benefit" in the purchase and installation of equipment and software. Payment systems for electronic commerce - electronic credit cards, electronic banking etc. Most common systems for electronic commerce in tourism, according to the specifics of commercial transactions. Examples of construction and operation of integrated electronic systems for business trade in tourism and transport alliances. Guidelines in the development and implementation of Internet-based hotel reservation systems - regulation, architectonic and application. Features of Internet-based systems for transport services and transport reservations in tourism. Architecture of travel websites and key attributes to support the implementation of the initial communication and dialogue between trade contractors. Logistics of negotiation over the Internet through the most popular platforms for e-commerce in tourism. Trends in ecommerce - levels of institutional intervention. Activities of tourist business associations in this area. National Tourism Administration and use of electronic systems to assist members based on the Internet. Promising directions of development of electronic commerce in tourism.

#### **Teaching and assessment:**

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

#### SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY IN TOURISM

ECTS credits: 4 Form of assessment: progress assessment and exam Semester: 4 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics

## Annotation:

The training in this discipline includes theoretical and practical study of tourist behavior and motives serving it. In-depth knowledge of determinants and motivators which are in the ground of taking trips presents a significant freedom and competence with regards to segmentation of tourist market and defining various types of tourists. For experts in tourism it is very important to be able to research psychological and social motives which drive the tourist when making decisions for using tourist goods and services. The obtained knowledge and information in this specific field will for sure bring not only to generation of higher revenue in tourist enterprises but to significant improvement of the quality of service in tourism and efficiency of tourist activity as a whole. The aim of this discipline is the students to acquire theoretical knowledge with regards to motivation of tourists for taking trips and their application in actual market conditions. Basic knowledge which the student gain is directed to research of the essence and types of tourist behavior, main factors which service it, specifics of social contacts and communication with tourists, cultural enrichment, cultural shock and modelling of the decision-making process and purchase of a trip.

#### **Course content:**

Essence of tourist behavior – tourist behavior and customer behavior, ethic and emic approach, conceptual schemes and theories, tourist researches. Social roles and individual characteristics of tourists. Demographic factors determining the types of tourist behavior. Tourist motivation – research and analysis of motives for the tourist behavior. Research and selection of tourist destination. Characteristics and peculiarities. Establishing an image and promoting a tourist destination in accordance with tourist motives and behavior. Social contacts and communication with tourists – "tourist and other tourists" relations. Social contacts and communication with tourists – "tourist – local population, hosts" relations. Cultural enrichment and cultural shock – definitions and peculiarities. Perceptions and experiences of tourists at the tourist place – "on site tourist behavior" Modelling of the decision-making process and purchase of holiday travel. Specifics of tourist behavior in package travel. Loyal tourists – creating, attracting and maintaining. Research and measuring the satisfaction of tourists. Trends in tourist demand caused by changes occurring in the travel motivation and behavior.

#### **Teaching and assessment:**

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during

**Course hours per week**: 31 + 1s **Exam type**: written the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

## MANAGEMENT OF THE ENTERTAINMENT INDUSTRY

#### **ECTS credits:** 4

Form of assessment: progress assessment and exam Semester: 4 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism **Course hours per week**: 31 + 1s **Exam type**: written

**Course hours per week**: 31 + 1s

Exam type: written

# Faculty of Economics

## Annotation:

The aim is to provide students with appropriate knowledge and skills that enable them to develop a successful management career in the entertainment sector and more specifically regarding the management of specialized sites, events and organizations such as sporting events, theme parks, theaters, operas, cinemas, places to live musical performances, museums, art galleries, radio and television companies, casinos, gambling halls, night clubs, etc.

#### **Course content:**

Origin, nature and basic forms of entertainment; relationship entertainment and tourism industry, Consumer and local communities research; Planning, construction and commissioning of specialized sites of the entertainment industry; Planning and organizing entertainment events; Organization and management of theme parks, organization and management of theatrical institutions, Organization and management of concert halls, music clubs and concert activities, organization and management of casinos and gambling halls, Organization and management of media entertainment business, Organization and management of art galleries and art centers; Organization and management of electronic entertainment, Communication policy in local communities.

#### Teaching and assessment:

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

## MANAGEMENT OF SPA AND WELLNESS TOURISM

ECTS credits: 4 Form of assessment: progress assessment and exam Semester: 4 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism Faculty of Economics

#### Annotation:

The organization of the spa and wellness tourism and prophylactic activity in Bulgaria is associated with state structures and the development of the private sector. A detailed description is of modern facilities and services in the private and public sectors in various regions. The emphasis is that the future development of spa and wellness tourism in Bulgaria is associated with further diversification of services and increasing their quality and the training of highly qualified specialists in this field. The aim of the course is acquisition of basic knowledge about the nature, significance, traditions and current state of the spa and wellness tourism in Bulgaria.

#### **Course content:**

Nature, place and importance, history and traditions of SPA and wellness tourism in Bulgaria; Current requirements and diversification of services in the SPA and wellness tourism; Natural conditions and resources for the development of spa and wellness tourism in Bulgaria Natural conditions and resources for development of aromatherapy and thalassotherapy in Bulgaria; Physico-Chemical characteristics and therapeutic mineral water in the region of Stara Planina; Physico - chemical characterization and therapeutic mineral water in Zadbalkan valleys and the Srednogorie region, Physico-chemical characterization and therapeutic mineral waters in the Black Sea region; Physico-chemical characterization and therapeutic mineral waters of Struma and Mesta; Physico-chemical characterization and therapeutic mineral water of balneohotels and private Spa hotels in the region of Stara planina; Characterization and state of balneohotels and private spa hotels in Zadbalkan valleys, and the Srednogorie; Characterization and state of balneohotels and private spa hotels in the valleys of Struma and Mesta; Characterization and state of balneohotels and private spa hotels in the valleys of Struma and Mesta; Characterization and state of balneohotels and private spa hotels in the region of Stara planina; Characterization and state of balneohotels and private spa hotels in the valleys of Struma and Mesta; Characterization and state of balneohotels and private spa hotels in the valleys of Struma and Mesta; Characterization and state of balneohotels and private spa hotels in the valleys of Struma and Mesta; Characterization and state of balneohotels and private spa hotels in the valleys of Struma and Mesta; Characterization and state of balneohotels and private spa hotels in the valleys of Struma and Mesta; Characterization and state of balneohotels and private spa hotels in the valleys of Struma and Mesta; Characterization and state of balneohotels and private spa hotels in the valleys of Struma and Mesta; Characterization and state of

balneohotels and private Spa hotels in the Rhodope region, characteristics of state balneohotels and private spa hotels on the Black Sea coast.

## Teaching and assessment:

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

## HEALTH TOURISM

ECTS credits: 4 Form of assessment: progress assessment and exam Semester: 4 Methodological guidance: Department of Tourism

Faculty of Economics

## Annotation:

The course "Health Tourism" aims to provide students with basic knowledge of travel related to improving health through prevention, treatment and rehabilitation after illness. It includes all aspects of health, physical and mental. The questions of the difference between health and wellness concept for the treatment and prevention, the scope of health tourism as a broad concept including medical tourism, management, marketing and advertising, as well as insurance and accreditation of health facilities offering services in the field of medical tourism are considered. The material covers the most popular destinations for health / medical tourism, their advantages and risks of globalization in health care and basic interventions to improve the health status of individuals. The material is selected in accordance with the prescribed workload and specifics of the program and within a reasonable compromise between theoretical and applied material. The subject is interesting in the training of specialists with training in tourism, directed to the specialization in this field, which place a bridge between tourism and health services. The aim of the course is acquisition of basic knowledge about the importance of health and medical tourism.

### **Course content:**

Health tourism - nature, importance and characteristics. New concepts in the field of health. Health tourismclassification according to the priority order for undertaking the journey. Characteristics of health, medical and wellness tourism. Medical tourism, health tourism. Main features, procedures and interventions. Market for health tourism. Trends in supply and demand for medical services. Preconditions for medical and health tourism. Promotion of medical tourism - benefits. Medical Tourism - Risks. Management and marketing of health and wellness tourism. Health, illness, wellness. Types of wellness. Organization and management of wellness vacation. Quality and safety of medical tourism. Legislation Development of medical and health tourism. International accreditation and certification.

#### Teaching and assessment:

Training in the academic discipline is in the form of lectures and seminars. The discipline ends with an exam. Priority in training is practical and independent work of students. The knowledge, skills and competence during the lectures and in the progress assessment are taken into consideration. Of major importance are the results achieved by the set assignments and tests.

**Course hours per week**: 31 + 1s **Exam type**: written